ABSTRACT

Background: In Putat village in the last 3 month there were 2 childrens having convulsion febrille, in the last year 1 child died of a fever that was late handled and on everage in a year the childrens had a fever of 5 to 10 times. Purpose: Describe how to compress by warm water and plaster compress to lower the temperature of child’s fever. Methods: the type of research which used is descriptive methodology with a case study design that describes a decrease in body temperature after a warm water compress and plaster compress. Result: there is a decrease in body temperature in children N and children A before and after warm water compress and plaster compress for 3 days. In children N initial body temperature 38,4°C to 37, 3°C, in children A early body temperature 38,4°C to 37,2°C. Conclusion: There is a decrease in body temperature after being given warm water compress and plaster compress for 3 days in village Putat Pondok Karanganom Districts Klaten.

Keywords: Fever, Warm Water Compress, Plaster Compress