Background: Language is communication both oral and written that is used to convey and receive messages from one person to another. The development of a language on child influenced by several factors including factors health, intelligence, gender, and relations with family. In Indonesia disorder are sprouting the child and teenage as 40% and a 13.5% toddlers was suffering from a development.

Objective: know the relationship of language development in preschool aged 3-5 years with gender in the PAUD Surakarta.

Method: this research is analytic research with a cross sectional approach with the number of sample from 97 respondents used method of Proportionate Stratified Random Sampling. The research instrument is DDST II observation sheet, then analyz using Chi Square test.

Research Result: observation to 97 respondents 81.4% experienced Normal language development and 18.6% Suspect language development. Language development in girls have greater value as many as 85.7% Normal compared the boys about 77.1%. From the test relations Chi square the development of a language in children aged preschool 3-5 years with gender in PAUD Surakarta. Region obtained a Pvalue of 0.274>0.05 said that H0 received, this means that there was no correlation the development of a language in children aged preschool aged 3-5 years with gender in PAUD Surakarta.

Conclusion: the development of a language between boy and girls better a lot in girls and there was no correlation the development of a language in a preschool aged children aged 3-5 years with gender in PAUD Surakarta.

Keyword: Development of a language, Gender, DDST II